Bright Futures Parent Handout

2 to 5 Day (First Week) Visit

Here are some suggestions from Bright Futures experts that may be of value to your family.

How You Are Feeling
- Call us for help if you feel sad, blue, or overwhelmed for more than a few days.
- Try to sleep or rest when your baby sleeps.
- Take help from family and friends.
- Give your other children small, safe ways to help you with the baby.
- Spend special time alone with each child.
- If you are offered advice that you do not want or do not agree with, smile, say thanks, and change the subject.

Feeding Your Baby
- Feed only breast milk or iron-fortified formula, no water, in the first 6 months.
- Feed when your baby is hungry.
  - Puts hand to mouth
  - Sucks or roots
  - Fussing
  - End feeding when you see your baby is full.
  - Turns away
  - Closes mouth
  - Relaxes hands
- If Breastfeeding
  - Breastfeed 8–12 times per day.
  - Make sure your baby has 6–8 wet diapers a day.
  - Avoid foods you are allergic to.
  - Wait until your baby is 4–6 weeks old before using a pacifier.
  - A breastfeeding specialist can give you information and support on how to position your baby to make you more comfortable.
  - WIC has nursing supplies for mothers who breastfeed.
- If Formula Feeding
  - Offer your baby 2 oz every 2–3 hours, more if still hungry.

Baby Care
- Use a rectal thermometer, not an ear thermometer.
- Check for fever, which is a rectal temperature of 100.4°F/38.0°C or higher.
- In babies 3 months and younger, fevers are serious. Call us if your baby has a temperature of 100.4°F/38.0°C or higher.
- Take a first aid and infant CPR class.
- Have a list of phone numbers for emergencies.
- Have everyone who touches the baby wash their hands first.
- Wash your hands often.
- Avoid crowds.
- Keep your baby out of the sun; use sunscreen only if there is no shade.
- Know that babies get many rashes from 4–8 weeks of age. Call us if you are worried.

Getting Used to Your Baby
- Comfort your baby.
  - Gently touch baby’s head.
  - Rocking baby.
- Start routines for bathing, feeding, sleeping, and playing daily.
- Help wake your baby for feedings by
  - Patting
  - Changing diaper
  - Undressing
- Put your baby to sleep on his or her back.
  - In a crib, in your room, not in your bed.
  - In a crib that meets current safety standards, with no drop-side rail and slats no more than 2 3/8 inches apart.

Safety
- The car safety seat should be rear-facing in the back seat in all vehicles.
- Your baby should never be in a seat with a passenger air bag.
- Keep your car and home smoke free.
- Keep your baby safe from hot water and hot drinks.
- Do not drink hot liquids while holding your baby.
- Make sure your water heater is set at lower than 120°F.
- Test your baby’s bathwater with your wrist.
- Always wear a seat belt and never drink and drive.

What to Expect at Your Baby’s 1 Month Visit

We will talk about
- Any concerns you have about your baby
- Feeding your baby and watching him or her grow
- How your baby is doing with your whole family
- Your health and recovery
- Your plans to go back to school or work
- Caring for and protecting your baby
- Safety at home and in the car

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